

Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to present law.

1 State of Arkansas As Engrossed: S2/27/25 S3/13/25 S4/7/25

2 95th General Assembly

# A Bill

3 Regular Session, 2025

SENATE BILL 258

4

5 By: Senator C. Penzo

6 By: Representative S. Meeks

7

8

## For An Act To Be Entitled

9 AN ACT TO CREATE THE ARKANSAS DIGITAL RESPONSIBILITY,  
10 SAFETY, AND TRUST ACT; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

11

12

13

## Subtitle

14

TO CREATE THE ARKANSAS DIGITAL  
15 RESPONSIBILITY, SAFETY, AND TRUST ACT.

16

17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:

18

19 SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 4, is amended to add an additional  
20 chapter to read as follows:

21

22

### CHAPTER 120

23

### ARKANSAS DIGITAL RESPONSIBILITY, SAFETY, AND TRUST ACT

24

25

#### Subchapter 1 – General Provisions

26

27 4-120-101. Title.

28 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Arkansas Digital  
29 Responsibility, Safety, and Trust Act".

30

31 4-120-102. Legislative findings.

32 The General Assembly finds that:

33

34 (1) Arkansans and Americans have long valued personal privacy as  
35 something that serves essential human needs of liberty, personal autonomy,  
seclusion, family, intimacy, and other relationships, and security;

36

(2) Privacy safeguards foundational American values of self-



1 government;

2 (3) The United States and Arkansas have long protected aspects  
3 of personal privacy since the nation's founding, including through the First,  
4 Third, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States  
5 Constitution and Article 2, §§ 2, 6, 8, 10, 15, 21, and 24 of the Arkansas  
6 Constitution;

7 (4) The United States has a history of leadership in privacy  
8 rights, passing some of the first privacy laws as early as the eighteenth  
9 century and adopting one (1) of the first national privacy and data  
10 protection laws globally in addition to the "fair information practice  
11 principles" that have influenced laws and privacy practices around the world;

12 (5)(A) The expansion of computers, internet connectivity, mobile  
13 telephones, and other digital information and communications technology has  
14 magnified the risks to an individual's privacy that can occur from the  
15 collection, processing, storage, or dissemination of personal information.

16 (B) The overwhelming majority of Arkansans and Americans  
17 have smartphones equipped with powerful computers, immense storage capacity,  
18 arrays of sensors, and the capacity to transmit information around the world  
19 instantaneously.

20 (C) Some people use these devices continuously and use  
21 them to store a digital record of nearly every aspect of their lives.

22 (D) Arkansans increasingly have other "smart devices" such  
23 as automobiles, televisions, home appliances, and wearable accessories that  
24 collect, process, and transmit information linked to Arkansans and their  
25 activities to entities around the world.

26 (E) Participation in modern society necessitates the  
27 adoption of technology, and Arkansans who fail to embrace technological  
28 advancements face significant competitive disadvantages in education,  
29 employment, healthcare access, and economic opportunity;

30 (6)(A) The personal information of Arkansans and Americans has  
31 been used against them to steal their identities, open financial and credit  
32 accounts in their names, and do other personal and financial harm.

33 (B) Troves of Arkansan and American personal information  
34 lie in the hands of state adversaries and criminals;

35 (7) The aggregation of an increasing volume of data among many  
36 different entities expands the exposure to malicious actors in cyberspace and

1 the availability of personal information to such actors;

2 (8)(A) The risks of harm from privacy violations are  
3 significant.

4 (B) Unwanted or unexpected disclosure of personal  
5 information and loss of privacy can have devastating effects for individuals,  
6 including financial fraud and loss, identity theft, and the resulting loss of  
7 personal time and money, destruction of property, harassment, and even  
8 potential physical injury.

9 (C) Other effects such as reputational or emotional damage  
10 can be equally or even more substantial;

11 (9)(A) With the development of artificial intelligence and  
12 machine learning, the potential to use personal and other information in ways  
13 that replicate existing social problems has increased in scale.

14 (B) Algorithms use personal and other information to guide  
15 decision-making related to critical issues, such as credit determination,  
16 housing advertisements, and hiring processes, and can result in differing  
17 accuracy rates;

18 (10)(A) Individuals need to feel confident that data that  
19 relates to them will not be used or shared in ways that can harm themselves,  
20 their families, or society.

21 (B) As such, organizations that collect, use, retain, and  
22 share personal information should be subject to meaningful and effective  
23 boundaries on such activities, obligated to take reasonable steps to protect  
24 the privacy and security of personal information, and required to mitigate  
25 privacy risks to the individuals whose data they steward; and

26 (11)(A) The majority of governments around the world already  
27 impose such restrictions on businesses, but Arkansans do not yet have their  
28 right to privacy protected.

29 (B) It is proper for the General Assembly to protect  
30 Arkansans' privacy rights, enforce the rights against those who collect, use,  
31 retain, and share their personal information, and establish the legislative  
32 framework for responsible, safe, and trustworthy technology in Arkansas.

33  
34 4-120-103. Definitions.

35 As used in this chapter:

36 (1) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that:

1 (A) Controls, is controlled by, or is under common control  
2 with another legal entity; or

3 (B) Shares common branding with another legal entity;

4 (2) "Authenticate" means to verify through reasonable means that  
5 the consumer who is entitled to exercise the consumer's right is the same  
6 consumer exercising those consumer rights with respect to the personal data  
7 at issue;

8 (3)(A) "Biometric data" means data generated by automatic  
9 measurements of an individual's biological characteristics that are used to  
10 identify a specific individual.

11 (B) "Biometric data" includes a fingerprint, voiceprint,  
12 eye retina or iris scans, or other unique biological pattern or  
13 characteristic that is used to identify a specific individual.

14 (C) "Biometric data" does not include a physical or  
15 digital photograph or data generated from a physical or digital photograph, a  
16 video or audio recording or data generated from a video or audio recording,  
17 or information collected, used, or stored for healthcare treatment, payment,  
18 or operations under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act  
19 of 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025;

20 (4) "Business associate" means the same as defined in the Health  
21 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d et  
22 seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025;

23 (5) "Child" means an individual younger than thirteen (13) years  
24 of age;

25 (6)(A) "Consent" means a clear affirmative act, if referring to  
26 a consumer, that signifies a consumer's freely given, specific, informed, and  
27 unambiguous agreement to process personal data relating to the consumer.

28 (B) "Consent" includes a written statement, including a  
29 statement written by electronic means, or any other unambiguous affirmative  
30 action.

31 (C) "Consent" does not include:

32 (i) An acceptance of a general or broad terms of use  
33 or similar document that contains descriptions of personal data processing  
34 along with other unrelated information;

35 (ii) The hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing  
36 a given piece of content; or

1 (iii) An agreement obtained through the use of dark  
2 patterns;

3 (7)(A) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of this  
4 state acting only in an individual or household context.

5 (B) "Consumer" does not include an individual acting in a  
6 commercial or employment context;

7 (8) "Consumer health data" means any personal data that a  
8 controller uses to identify a consumer's physical or mental health condition  
9 or diagnosis;

10 (9) "Control" means:

11 (A) The ownership of, or power to vote, more than fifty  
12 percent (50%) of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a  
13 company;

14 (B) The control in any manner over the election of a  
15 majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or

16 (C) The power to exercise controlling influence over the  
17 management of a company;

18 (10) "Controller" means an individual or other person that,  
19 alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of processing  
20 personal data;

21 (11) "Covered entity" has the same meaning as defined in the  
22 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. §  
23 1320d et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025;

24 (12)(A) "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or  
25 manipulated with the effect of substantially subverting or impairing user  
26 autonomy, decision-making, or choice.

27 (B) "Dark pattern" includes any practice that the Federal  
28 Trade Commission refers to as a dark pattern;

29 (13) "Decision that produces a legal or similarly significant  
30 effect concerning a consumer" means a decision made by a controller that  
31 results in the provision or denial by the controller of:

32 (A) Financial and lending services;

33 (B) Housing, insurance, or healthcare services;

34 (C) Education enrollment;

35 (D) Employment opportunities;

36 (E) Criminal justice; or

1 (F) Access to basic necessities, such as food and water;  
2 (14) "Deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be  
3 linked to an identified or identifiable individual or a device linked to that  
4 individual;

5 (15)(A) "Health record" means a written, printed, or  
6 electronically recorded material maintained by a healthcare provider in the  
7 course of providing healthcare services to an individual that concerns the  
8 individual and the services provided.

9 (B) "Health record" includes:

10 (i) The substance of any communication made by an  
11 individual to a healthcare provider in confidence during or in connection  
12 with the provision of healthcare services; or

13 (ii) Information otherwise acquired by the  
14 healthcare provider about an individual in confidence and in connection with  
15 healthcare services provided to the individual;

16 (16) "Healthcare provider" means the same as defined in the  
17 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. §  
18 1320d et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025;

19 (17) "Healthcare services" has the same meaning as provided in  
20 42 U.S.C. § 234(d)(2), as it existed on January 1, 2025;

21 (18) "Identified or identifiable individual" means a consumer  
22 who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly;

23 (19) "Institution of higher education" means:

24 (A) A vocational or technical school governed by Arkansas  
25 Code Title 6, Subtitle 4; or

26 (B) A postsecondary or higher education institution governed  
27 by Arkansas Code Title 6, Subtitle 5;

28 (20) "Known child" means a child under circumstances where a  
29 controller has actual knowledge of, or willfully disregards, the child's age;

30 (21) "Nonprofit organization" means:

31 (A) A corporation governed by Arkansas Code Title 4,  
32 Chapter 28 or Chapter 33 to extent applicable to nonprofit corporations;

33 (B) An organization exempt from federal taxation as  
34 a nonprofit entity under § 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, by being  
35 listed as an exempt organization under §§ 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6),  
36 501(c)(12), or 501(c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code; or

1 (C) A political organization;

2 (22)(A) "Personal data" means any information, including  
3 sensitive data, that is linked or reasonably linkable to an identified or  
4 identifiable individual.

5 (B) "Personal data" includes pseudonymous data when the  
6 data is used by a controller or processor in conjunction with additional  
7 information that reasonably links the data to an identified or identifiable  
8 individual.

9 (C) "Personal data" does not include deidentified data or  
10 publicly available information;

11 (23) "Political organization" means a party, committee,  
12 association, fund, or other organization, regardless of whether incorporated,  
13 that is organized and operated primarily for the purpose of influencing or  
14 attempting to influence:

15 (A) The selection, nomination, election, or  
16 appointment of an individual to federal, state, or local public office or an  
17 office in a political organization, regardless of whether the individual is  
18 ultimately selected, nominated, elected, or appointed; or

19 (B) The election of a presidential or vice-  
20 presidential elector, regardless of whether the elector is ultimately  
21 selected, nominated, elected, or appointed;

22 (24)(A) "Precise geolocation data" means information derived  
23 from technology, including Global Positioning System level latitude and  
24 longitude coordinates or other mechanisms, that directly identifies the  
25 specific location of an individual with precision and accuracy within a  
26 radius of one thousand seven hundred fifty feet (1,750').

27 (B) "Precise geolocation data" does not include the  
28 content of communications or any data generated by or connected to an  
29 advanced utility metering infrastructure system or to equipment for use by a  
30 utility;

31 (25) "Process" means an operation or set of operations  
32 performed, whether by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets  
33 of personal data, such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis,  
34 deletion, or modification of personal data;

35 (26) "Processor" means a person who processes personal data on  
36 behalf of a controller;

1 (27) "Profiling" means a form of automated processing performed  
2 on personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects related to  
3 an identified or identifiable individual's economic situation, health,  
4 personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or  
5 movements;

6 (28) "Protected health information" means the same as defined  
7 under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42  
8 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025;

9 (29) "Pseudonymous data" means any information that cannot be  
10 attributed to a specific individual without the use of additional  
11 information, provided that the additional information is kept separately and  
12 is subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure  
13 that the personal data is not attributed to an identified or identifiable  
14 individual;

15 (30) "Publicly available information" means information that is  
16 lawfully made available through government records, or information that a  
17 business has a reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available to the  
18 general public through widely distributed media, by a consumer, or by a  
19 person to whom a consumer has disclosed the information, unless the consumer  
20 has restricted the information to a specific audience;

21 (31)(A) "Sale of personal data" means the exchange of personal  
22 data for monetary or other valuable consideration by a controller to a third  
23 party.

24 (B) "Sale of personal data" does not include:

25 (i) The disclosure of personal data to a processor  
26 that processes the personal data on the controller's behalf;

27 (ii) The disclosure of personal data to a third  
28 party for purposes of providing a product or service requested by the  
29 consumer;

30 (iii) The disclosure or transfer of personal data to  
31 an affiliate of a controller;

32 (iv) The disclosure of information that the  
33 consumer:

34 (a) Intentionally made available to the  
35 general public through a mass media channel; and

36 (b) Did not restrict to a specific audience;



1 or

2 (v) The disclosure or transfer of personal data to a  
3 third party as an asset that is part of a merger or acquisition;

4 (32)(A) "Sensitive data" means a category of personal data.

5 (B) "Sensitive data" includes:

6 (i) Personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin,  
7 religious beliefs, mental or physical health diagnosis, sexuality, or  
8 citizenship or immigration status;

9 (ii) Genetic or biometric data that is processed for  
10 the purpose of uniquely identifying an individual;

11 (iii) Personal data collected from a known child;

12 (iv) Precise geolocation data;

13 (v) A person's Social Security number, driver's  
14 license number, or other government-issued identification number;

15 (vi) A consumer's account number, account login,  
16 financial account, or credit or debit card number, in combination with a  
17 required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to  
18 a consumer's online financial account; or

19 (vii) Consumer health data;

20 (33) "State agency" means a department, commission, board, office,  
21 council, authority, or other agency in any branch of state government that is  
22 created by the Arkansas Constitution or a statute of this state, including a  
23 university system or institution of higher education as governed by Arkansas  
24 Code Title 6, Subtitles 4 or 5 that receives state funding or has directors  
25 appointed by the Governor;

26 (34)(A) "Targeted advertising" means displaying to a consumer  
27 advertisement that is selected based on personal data obtained from that  
28 consumer's activities over time and across nonaffiliated websites or online  
29 applications to predict the consumer's preferences or interests.

30 (B) "Targeted advertising" does not include an  
31 advertisement that:

32 (i) Is based on activities within a controller's own  
33 websites or online applications;

34 (ii) Is based on the context of a consumer's current  
35 search query, visit to a website, or online application;

36 (iii) Is directed to a consumer in response to the

1 consumer's request for information or feedback; or

2 (iv) Is used for the processing of personal data  
3 solely for measuring or reporting advertising performance, reach, or  
4 frequency;

5 (35) "Third party" means a person, other than the consumer, the  
6 controller, the processor, or an affiliate of the controller or processor;  
7 and

8 (36) "Trade secret" means all forms and types of information,  
9 including business, scientific, technical, economic, or engineering  
10 information, and any formula, design, prototype, pattern, plan, compilation,  
11 program device, program, code, device, method, technique, process, procedure,  
12 financial data, or list of actual or potential customers or suppliers,  
13 whether tangible or intangible and irrespective of how stored, compiled, or  
14 memorialized physically, electronically, graphically, photographically, or in  
15 writing if:

16 (A) The owner of the trade secret has taken reasonable  
17 measures under the circumstances to keep the information secret; and

18 (B) The information derives independent economic value,  
19 actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily  
20 ascertainable through proper means by, another person who can obtain economic  
21 value from the disclosure or use of the information.

22  
23 4-120-104. Applicability.

24 (a) This chapter applies only to a person that:

25 (1) Conducts business in this state or produces a product or  
26 service consumed by residents of this state;

27 (2) Processes or engages in the sale of personal data; and

28 (3) Is not a small business as defined by the United States  
29 Small Business Administration, as it existed on January 1, 2025, except to  
30 the extent that § 4-120-302(a) applies to a person described by this section.

31 (b) This chapter shall only apply to nonprofit organizations whose  
32 annual receipts in any of the preceding five (5) calendar years exceeded  
33 fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000).

34  
35 4-120-105. Exemptions.

36 This chapter does not apply to:

- 1           (1) A state agency or political subdivision of this state;  
2           (2) A financial institution, affiliates of financial  
3 institutions, or data subject to Title V, Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15 U.S.C. §  
4 6801 et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025;  
5           (3) A covered entity or business associate governed by the  
6 privacy, security, and breach notification rules issued by the United States  
7 Department of Health and Human Services, 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164,  
8 established under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
9 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025, and the  
10 Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, Division  
11 A, Title XIII, and Division B, Title IV, Pub. L. No. 111-5;  
12           (4) An institution of higher education;  
13           (5) An electric utility governed by Arkansas Code Title 23,  
14 Chapter 18;  
15           (6) Protected health information under the Health Insurance  
16 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq., as it  
17 existed on January 1, 2025;  
18           (7) Health records;  
19           (8) Patient identifying information for purposes of 42 U.S.C. §  
20 290dd-2;  
21           (9) Identifiable private information:  
22               (A) For purposes of the federal policy for the protection  
23 of human subjects under 45 C.F.R. Part 46, as it existed on January 1, 2025;  
24               (B) Collected as part of human subjects research under the  
25 good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for  
26 Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use or  
27 of the protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R. Parts 50 and 56, as it  
28 existed on January 1, 2025; or  
29               (C) That is personal data used or shared in research  
30 conducted according to the requirements stated in this chapter or other  
31 research conducted according to applicable law;  
32           (10) Information and documents created for purposes of the  
33 Health Care Quality Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. § 11101 et seq., as it  
34 existed on January 1, 2025;  
35           (11) Patient safety work product for purposes of the Patient  
36 Safety and Quality Improvement Act of 2005, 42 U.S.C. § 299b-21 et seq., as

1 it existed on January 1, 2025;

2 (12) Information derived from any of the healthcare-related  
3 information listed in this section that is deidentified according to the  
4 requirements for deidentification under the Health Insurance Portability and  
5 Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq., as it existed on  
6 January 1, 2025;

7 (13) Information originating from, intermingled to be  
8 indistinguishable with, or information treated in the same manner as  
9 information exempt under this section that is maintained by a covered entity  
10 or business associate as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and  
11 Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. Section 1320d et seq., or by a program  
12 or a qualified service organization as defined by 42 U.S.C. Section 290dd-2;

13 (14) Information that is included in a limited data set as  
14 described by 45 C.F.R. Section 164.514(e), as it existed on January 1, 2025,  
15 to the extent that the information is used, disclosed, and maintained in the  
16 manner specified by 45 C.F.R. Section 164.514(e), as it existed on January 1,  
17 2025;

18 (15) Information collected or used only for public health  
19 activities and purposes as authorized by the Health Insurance Portability and  
20 Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq., as it existed on  
21 January 1, 2025;

22 (16) The collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale,  
23 communication, or use of any personal information bearing on a consumer's  
24 creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general  
25 reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living by a consumer  
26 reporting agency or furnisher that provides information for use in a consumer  
27 report, and by a user of the consumer report, but only to the extent that the  
28 activity is regulated by and authorized under the Fair Credit Reporting Act,  
29 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1681t, as it existed on January 1, 2025;

30 (17) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in  
31 compliance with the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. § 2721  
32 et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025;

33 (18) Personal data regulated by the Family Educational Rights  
34 and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, as it existed on January 1, 2025;

35 (19) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in  
36 compliance with the Farm Credit Act of 1971, 12 U.S.C. § 2001 et seq., as it

1 existed on January 1, 2025;

2 (20) Data processed or maintained in the course of an individual  
3 applying to, being employed by, or acting as an agent or independent  
4 contractor of a controller, processor, or third party, to the extent that the  
5 data is collected and used within the context of that role, except as  
6 specifically provided in § 4-120-602;

7 (21) Data processed or maintained as the emergency contact  
8 information of an individual under this chapter that is used only for  
9 emergency contact purposes;

10 (22) Data that is processed or maintained and is necessary to  
11 retain to administer benefits for another individual that relates to an  
12 individual described in subdivision (20) of this section and used only for  
13 the purposes of administering those benefits;

14 (23) The processing of personal data by a person in the course  
15 of a purely personal or household activity;

16 (24) Organizations such as the National Insurance Crime Bureau  
17 whose sole purpose is the detection, investigation, tracking, reporting,  
18 mitigating, or preventing fraudulent activity, or data that is processed or  
19 maintained for the sole purpose of detecting, investigating, tracking,  
20 reporting, mitigating, or preventing fraudulent or criminal activity, either  
21 for the person responsible for the data or on behalf of another person or  
22 persons, or assisting law enforcement in any of those activities; or

23 (25) Personal data collected, processed, maintained, or  
24 disclosed by a national securities association, as defined in section  
25 3(a)(26) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. § 78a et seq., as  
26 it existed on January 1, 2025, and the rules and implementing regulations  
27 promulgated thereunder.

28  
29 4-120-106. Construction of chapter – Exceptions.

30 (a) This chapter shall not be construed:

31 (1) To restrict a controller's or processor's ability to:

32 (A) Comply with state laws or rules, or federal or local  
33 laws, rules, or regulations;

34 (B) Comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry,  
35 investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal, state, local, or other  
36 governmental authorities;

1 (C) Investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or  
2 defend legal claims;

3 (D) Provide a product or service specifically requested by  
4 a consumer or the parent or guardian of a child, perform a contract to which  
5 the consumer is a party, including fulfilling the terms of a written  
6 warranty, or take steps at the request of the consumer before entering into a  
7 contract;

8 (E) Take immediate steps to protect an interest that is  
9 essential for the life or physical safety of the consumer or of another  
10 individual and in which the processing cannot be manifestly based on another  
11 legal basis;

12 (F) Prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to  
13 security incidents, identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive  
14 activities, or any illegal activity, and preserve the integrity or security  
15 of systems and investigate, report, or prosecute those responsible for  
16 breaches of system security;

17 (G) Engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific or  
18 statistical research in the public interest that adheres to all other  
19 applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved, monitored, and governed  
20 by an institutional review board or similar independent oversight entity that  
21 determines:

22 (i) If the deletion of the information is likely to  
23 provide substantial benefits that do not exclusively accrue to the  
24 controller;

25 (ii) Whether or not the expected benefits of the  
26 research outweigh the privacy risks; and

27 (iii) If the controller has implemented reasonable  
28 safeguards to mitigate privacy risks associated with research, including any  
29 risks associated with reidentification; or

30 (H) Assist another controller, processor, or third party  
31 with any of the requirements under this section;

32 (2) As imposing a requirement on controllers and processors that  
33 adversely affects the rights or freedoms of any person or entity, including  
34 the right of free speech; or

35 (3) As requiring a controller, processor, third party, or  
36 consumer to disclose a trade secret.

1 ((b) This chapter may not restrict a controller's or processor's  
2 ability to collect, use, or retain data to:

3 (1) Conduct internal research to develop, improve, or repair  
4 products, services, or technology;

5 (2) Effect a product recall;

6 (3) Identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or  
7 intended functionality; or

8 (4) Perform internal operations that:

9 (A) Are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the  
10 consumer;

11 (B) Are reasonably anticipated based on the consumer's  
12 existing relationship with the controller; or

13 (C) Are otherwise compatible with processing data in  
14 furtherance of the provision of a product or service specifically requested  
15 by a consumer or the performance of a contract to which the consumer is a  
16 party.

17 (c) A controller or processor that processes personal data under an  
18 exemption in this subchapter bears the burden of demonstrating that the  
19 processing of the personal data:

20 (1) Qualifies for the exemption; and

21 (2) Complies with the requirements of § 4-120-306, § 4-120-405;  
22 and § 4-120-106(b).

23 (d) The processing of personal data by an entity for the purposes  
24 described by this chapter does not solely make the entity a controller with  
25 respect to the processing of the data.

26 (e) This chapter supersedes and preempts an ordinance, resolution,  
27 rule, or other regulation adopted by a political subdivision regarding the  
28 processing of personal data by a controller or processor.

29 (f) A controller or processor that complies with the verifiable  
30 parental consent requirements of the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act  
31 of 1998, 15 U.S.C. § 6501 et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025, with  
32 respect to data collected online is considered to be in compliance with any  
33 requirement to obtain parental consent under this chapter.

34  
35 4-120-107. Requirements for small businesses and nonprofit  
36 organizations.

1 (a) A person that is a small business as described by § 4-120-  
2 104(a)(3) or a nonprofit organized as described by § 4-120-104(b) shall not  
3 engage in the sale of personal data without receiving prior consent from the  
4 consumer.

5 (b) A person who violates this section is subject to the penalty under  
6 § 4-120-701 et seq.

7  
8 Subchapter 2 – Consumer Rights

9  
10 4-120-201. Consumer’s personal data rights – Request to exercise  
11 rights.

12 (a)(1) A consumer is entitled to exercise the consumer rights under  
13 this subchapter at any time by submitting a request to a controller  
14 specifying the consumer rights the consumer wishes to exercise.

15 (2) With respect to the processing of personal data belonging to  
16 a known child, a parent or legal guardian of the child may exercise the  
17 consumer rights on behalf of the child.

18 (b) A controller shall comply with an authenticated consumer request  
19 to exercise the right to:

20 (1) Confirm whether a controller is processing the consumer’s  
21 personal data and to access the personal data;

22 (2) Correct inaccuracies in the consumer’s personal data, taking  
23 into account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the  
24 processing of the consumer’s personal data;

25 (3) Delete personal data provided by or obtained about the  
26 consumer;

27 (4) If the data is available in a digital format, obtain a copy  
28 of the consumer’s personal data that the consumer previously provided to the  
29 controller in a portable and, to the extent technically feasible, readily  
30 usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another  
31 controller without hindrance; or

32 (5) Opt out of the processing of the personal data for the  
33 purpose of:

34 (A) Targeted advertising;

35 (B) The sale of personal data; or

36 (C) Profiling in furtherance of a solely automated



1 decision that produces a legal or similarly significant effect concerning the  
2 consumer.

3  
4 4-120-202. Waiver or limitation of consumer rights prohibited.

5 A provision of a contract or agreement that waives or limits a consumer  
6 right described by §§ 4-120-201, 4-120-204, and 4-120-205 is contrary to  
7 public policy and is void.

8  
9 4-120-203. Methods for submitting consumer requests.

10 (a)(1) A controller shall establish two (2) or more secure and  
11 reliable methods to enable consumers to submit a request to exercise their  
12 consumer rights under this chapter.

13 (2) The methods shall take into account:

14 (A) The ways in which consumers normally interact with the  
15 controller;

16 (B) The necessity for secure and reliable communications  
17 of any request under subdivision (a)(1) of this section; and

18 (C) The ability of the controller to authenticate the  
19 identity of the consumer making the request.

20 (b) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account to  
21 exercise the consumer's rights under this chapter but may require a consumer  
22 to use an existing account.

23 (c) Except as provided by subsection (d) of this section, if the  
24 controller maintains a website, the controller shall provide a mechanism on  
25 the website for consumers to submit requests for information required to be  
26 disclosed under this chapter.

27 (d) A controller that operates exclusively online and has a direct  
28 relationship with a consumer from whom the controller collects personal  
29 information is only required to provide an email address for the submission  
30 of requests described by subsection (c) of this section.

31 (e)(1) A consumer may designate:

32 (A) Another person to serve as the consumer's authorized  
33 agent and act on the consumer's behalf to opt out of the processing of the  
34 consumer's personal data under § 4-120-201(b)(5)(A) and (B); or

35 (B) An authorized agent using a technology, including a  
36 link to a website, a browser setting or an extension, or a global setting on

1 an electronic device, which allows the consumer to indicate the consumer's  
2 intent to opt out of the processing of the consumer's personal data under §  
3 4-120-201(b)(5)(A) and (B).

4 (2) A controller shall comply with an opt-out request received  
5 from an authorized agent under this section if the controller is able to  
6 verify, with commercially reasonable effort, the identity of the consumer and  
7 the authorized agent's authority to act on the consumer's behalf.

8 (3) A controller is not required to comply with an opt-out  
9 request received from an authorized agent under this subsection if:

10 (A) The authorized agent does not communicate the request  
11 to the controller in a clear and unambiguous manner or comply with the  
12 controller's reasonable requirements for submitting requests;

13 (B) The controller is not able to verify, with commercially reasonable  
14 effort, that the consumer is a resident of this state;

15 (C) The controller does not possess the ability to process  
16 the request; or

17 (D) The controller does not process similar or identical  
18 requests the controller receives from consumers for the purpose of complying  
19 with similar or identical laws or regulations of another state.

20 (f) A technology described under subsection (e) of this section:

21 (1) Shall not:

22 (A) Unfairly disadvantage another controller; or

23 (B) Make use of a default setting, but must require the  
24 consumer to consent and indicate the consumer's intent to opt out of any  
25 processing of a consumer's personal data; and

26 (2) Shall be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average  
27 consumer.

28  
29 4-120-204. Controller response to consumer request.

30 (a) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, a controller shall  
31 comply with a request submitted by a consumer to exercise the consumer's  
32 rights under § 4-120-201 as provided by this section.

33 (b)(1) A controller shall respond to the consumer request without  
34 undue delay, which may not be later than the forty-fifth day after the date  
35 of receipt of the request.

36 (2) The controller may extend the response period once by an

1 additional forty-five (45) days when reasonably necessary, taking into  
2 account the complexity and number of the consumer's requests, so long as the  
3 controller informs the consumer of the extension within the initial forty-  
4 five-day response period, together with the reason for the extension.

5 (c) If a controller declines to take action regarding the consumer's  
6 request, the controller shall inform the consumer without undue delay, which  
7 shall not be later than the forty-fifth day after the date of receipt of the  
8 request, of the justification for declining to take action and provide  
9 instructions on how to appeal the decision according to § 4-120-205.

10 (d)(1) A controller shall provide information in response to a  
11 consumer request free of charge, at least twice annually per consumer.

12 (2)(A) If a request from a consumer is manifestly unfounded,  
13 excessive, or repetitive, the controller may charge the consumer a reasonable  
14 fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with the request or  
15 rejecting the request.

16 (B) The controller bears the burden of demonstrating for  
17 purposes of this subsection that a request is manifestly unfounded,  
18 excessive, or repetitive.

19 (e) If a controller is unable to authenticate the request using  
20 commercially reasonable efforts, the controller is not required to comply  
21 with a consumer request submitted under § 4-120-201 and may request that the  
22 consumer provide additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate  
23 the consumer and the consumer's request.

24 (f) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from  
25 a source other than the consumer is considered in compliance with a  
26 consumer's request to delete the consumer's personal data under § 4-120-  
27 201(b)(3) by:

28 (1) Retaining a record of the deletion request and the minimum  
29 data necessary for the purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data  
30 remains deleted from the business's records and not using the retained data  
31 for any other purpose under this chapter; or

32 (2) Opting the consumer out of the processing of that personal  
33 data for any purpose other than a purpose that is exempt under the provisions  
34 of this chapter.

35  
36 4-120-205. Appeal.

1 (a) A controller shall establish a process for a consumer to appeal  
2 the controller's refusal to take action on the consumer's request under § 4-  
3 120-204(c).

4 (b) The appeal process must be conspicuously available and similar to  
5 the process for initiating action to exercise consumer rights by submitting a  
6 request under § 4-120-201.

7 (c) A controller shall inform the consumer in writing of any action  
8 taken or not taken in response to an appeal under this section not later than  
9 the sixtieth day after the date of receipt of the appeal, including a written  
10 explanation of the reason or reasons for the decision.

11 (d) If the controller denies an appeal, the controller shall provide  
12 the consumer with the contact information of the Attorney General to submit a  
13 complaint.

14  
15 4-120-206. Loyalty programs.

16 This subchapter does not require a controller to provide a product or a  
17 service that requires the personal data of a consumer that the controller  
18 does not collect or maintain or to prohibit a controller from offering a  
19 different price, rate, level, quality, or selection of goods or services to a  
20 consumer, including offering goods or services for no fee, if:

21 (1) The consumer has exercised the consumer's right to delete or  
22 opt out under § 4-120-201; or

23 (2) The offer is related to a consumer's voluntary participation  
24 in a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card  
25 program.

26  
27 Subchapter 3 – Controller Responsibilities

28  
29 4-120-301. Notice of privacy practices.

30 (a) A controller shall provide consumers with a reasonably accessible  
31 and clear privacy notice that includes:

32 (1) The categories of personal data processed by the controller,  
33 including, if applicable, any sensitive data processed by the controller;

34 (2) The purpose for processing personal data;

35 (3) How consumers may exercise their consumer rights under § 4-  
36 120-201 et seq., including the process by which a consumer may appeal a

1 controller's decision with regard to the consumer's request;

2 (4) If applicable, the categories of personal data that the  
3 controller shares with third parties;

4 (5) If applicable, the categories of third parties with whom the  
5 controller shares personal data; and

6 (6) A description of the methods required under § 4-120-201  
7 through which consumers can submit requests to exercise their consumer rights  
8 under this chapter.

9 (b)(1) If a controller engages in the sale of personal data that is  
10 sensitive data, the controller shall include the following notice:

11 "NOTICE: We may sell your sensitive personal data."

12 (2) The notice required under subdivision (b)(1) of this section  
13 shall be posted in the same location and in the same manner as the privacy  
14 notice described by subsection (a) of this section.

15 (c)(1) If a controller engages in the sale of personal data that is  
16 biometric data, the controller shall include the following notice:

17 "NOTICE: We may sell your biometric personal data."

18 (2) The notice required under subdivision (c)(1) of this section  
19 shall be posted in the same location and in the same manner as the privacy  
20 notice described by subsection (a) of this section.

21 (d)(1) If a controller sells personal data to third parties or  
22 processes personal data for targeted advertising, the controller shall  
23 clearly and conspicuously disclose the sale or processing.

24 (2) The controller shall disclose the manner in which a consumer  
25 may exercise the right to opt out of the sale or processing of personal data  
26 for the purpose of targeted advertising under subdivision (d)(1) of this  
27 section.

28  
29 4-120-302. Processing sensitive data.

30 A person shall not process the sensitive data of a consumer  
31 without obtaining the consumer's consent or, in the case of processing the  
32 sensitive data of a known child, without processing that data according to  
33 the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998, 15 U.S.C. § 6501 et  
34 seq., as it existed on January 1, 2025.

35  
36 4-120-303. Dark patterns.

1 (a) A controller that collects personal information via a website,  
2 mobile application, or similar technology shall not utilize dark patterns in  
3 its consent mechanisms.

4 (b) A lawful basis for processing personal data described under § 4-  
5 120-302 obtained by use of a dark pattern is void.

6  
7 4-120-304. Data minimization.

8 (a) A controller shall limit the collection of personal data to what  
9 is adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to the purposes  
10 for which that personal data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer.

11 (b) A controller in possession of deidentified data shall:

12 (1) Take reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be  
13 associated with an individual;

14 (2) Publicly commit to maintaining and using deidentified data  
15 without attempting to reidentify the data; and

16 (3) Contractually obligate any recipient of the deidentified  
17 data to comply with this section.

18 (c) This section does not require a controller to:

19 (1) Reidentify deidentified data or pseudonymous data;

20 (2) Maintain data in identifiable form or obtain, retain, or  
21 access any data or technology for the purpose of allowing the controller or  
22 processor to associate a consumer request with personal data; or

23 (3) Comply with an authenticated consumer rights request under §  
24 4-120-201, if the controller:

25 (A) Is not reasonably capable of associating the request  
26 with the personal data or it would be unreasonably burdensome for the  
27 controller to associate the request with the personal data;

28 (B) Does not use the personal data to recognize or respond  
29 to the specific consumer who is the subject of the personal data or associate  
30 the personal data with other personal data about the same consumer; and

31 (C) Does not sell the personal data to a third party or  
32 otherwise voluntarily disclose the personal data to a third party other than  
33 a processor, except as otherwise permitted by this section.

34 (d) A controller that discloses pseudonymous data or deidentified data  
35 shall exercise reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any  
36 contractual commitments to which the pseudonymous data or deidentified data

1 is subject and shall take appropriate steps to address any breach of the  
2 contractual commitments.

3  
4 4-120-305. Data security.

5 A controller, for purposes of protecting the confidentiality,  
6 integrity, and accessibility of personal data, shall establish, implement,  
7 and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data security  
8 practices that are appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data  
9 at issue.

10  
11 4-120-306. Purpose limitation.

12 Except as otherwise provided by this subchapter, a controller shall not  
13 process personal data for a purpose that is neither reasonably necessary to  
14 nor compatible with the purpose for which the personal data is processed, as  
15 disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains the consumer's  
16 consent.

17  
18 4-120-307. Data protection assessments.

19 (a) A controller shall conduct and document a data protection  
20 assessment of each of the following processing activities involving personal  
21 data:

22 (1) The processing of personal data for purposes of targeted  
23 advertising;

24 (2) The sale of personal data;

25 (3) The processing of personal data for purposes of profiling if  
26 the profiling presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of:

27 (A) Unfair or deceptive treatment of or unlawful disparate  
28 impact on consumers;

29 (B) Financial, physical, or reputational injury to  
30 consumers;

31 (C) A physical or other intrusion on the solitude or  
32 seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of consumers, if the intrusion  
33 would be offensive to a reasonable person; or

34 (D) Other substantial injury to consumers;

35 (4) The processing of sensitive data; and

36 (5) Any processing activities involving personal data that

1 present a heightened risk of harm to consumers.

2 (b) A data protection assessment conducted under subsection (a) of  
3 this section shall:

4 (1) Identify and weigh the direct or indirect benefits that may  
5 flow from the processing to the controller, the consumer, other stakeholders,  
6 and the public against the potential risks to the rights of the consumer  
7 associated with that processing as mitigated by safeguards that can be  
8 employed by the controller to reduce the risks; and

9 (2) Factor into the assessment:

10 (A) The use of deidentified data;

11 (B) The reasonable expectations of consumers;

12 (C) The context of the processing; and

13 (D) The relationship between the controller and the  
14 consumer whose personal data will be processed.

15 (c) A controller shall make a data protection assessment requested  
16 under § 4-120-701 et seq. available to the Attorney General under an Attorney  
17 General's subpoena under § 25-16-705.

18 (d)(1) A data protection assessment is confidential and exempt from  
19 public inspection and copying under the Freedom of Information Act of 1967, §  
20 25-19-101 et seq.

21 (2) Disclosure of a data protection assessment in compliance  
22 with a request from the Attorney General does not constitute a waiver of  
23 attorney-client privilege or work product protection with respect to the  
24 assessment and any information contained in the assessment.

25 (e) A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set  
26 of processing operations that include similar activities.

27 (f) A data protection assessment conducted by a controller for the  
28 purpose of compliance with other laws or regulations may constitute  
29 compliance with the requirements of this section if the assessment has a  
30 reasonably comparable scope and effect.

31 (g) Data protection assessments shall apply to processing activities  
32 created or generated after the effective date of this act and are not  
33 retroactive.

34  
35 4-120-308. Pseudonymous data.

36 The consumer rights under § 4-120-201 and controller duties under this



1 subchapter do not apply to pseudonymous data in cases in which the controller  
2 is able to demonstrate any information necessary to identify the consumer is  
3 kept separately and is subject to effective technical and organizational  
4 controls that prevent the controller from accessing the information.

5  
6 4-120-309. Miscellaneous prohibitions.

7 A controller shall not:

8 (1) Process personal data in violation of state and federal laws  
9 that prohibit unlawful discrimination against consumers; or

10 (2) Discriminate against a consumer for exercising any of the  
11 consumer rights contained in this chapter, including by denying goods or  
12 services, charging different prices or rates for goods or services, or  
13 providing a different level of quality of goods or services to the consumer.

14  
15 Subchapter 4 – Processor Responsibilities

16  
17 4-120-401. Compliance with contractual obligations.

18 (a) A processor shall adhere to the instructions of a controller and  
19 shall assist the controller in meeting or complying with the controller’s  
20 duties or requirements under this chapter, including without limitation:

21 (1) Assisting the controller in responding to consumer rights  
22 requests submitted under § 4-120-201 by using appropriate technical and  
23 organizational measures, as reasonably practicable, taking into account the  
24 nature of processing and the information available to the processor;

25 (2) Assisting the controller with regard to complying with the  
26 requirement relating to the security of processing personal data and to the  
27 notification of a breach of security of the processor’s system, taking into  
28 account the nature of processing and the information available to the  
29 processor; and

30 (3) Providing necessary information to enable the controller to  
31 conduct and document data protection assessments under § 4-120-307.

32 (b)(1) A contract between a controller and a processor shall govern  
33 the processor’s data processing procedures with respect to processing  
34 performed on behalf of the controller.

35 (2) The contract shall include:

36 (A) Clear instructions for processing data;

1 (B) The nature and purpose of processing;

2 (C) The type of data subject to processing;

3 (D) The duration of processing;

4 (E) The rights and obligations of both parties; and

5 (F) A requirement that the processor shall:

6 (i) Ensure that each person processing personal data  
7 is subject to a duty of confidentiality with respect to the data;

8 (ii) At the controller's direction, delete or return  
9 all personal data to the controller as requested after the provision of the  
10 service is completed, unless retention of the personal data is required by  
11 law;

12 (iii) Make available to the controller, on  
13 reasonable request, all information in the processor's possession necessary  
14 to demonstrate the processor's compliance with the requirements of this  
15 chapter;

16 (iv) Allow, and cooperate with, reasonable  
17 assessments by the controller or the controller's designated assessor; and

18 (v) Engage a subcontractor under a written contract  
19 that requires the subcontractor to meet the requirements of the processor  
20 with respect to the personal data.

21 (c)(1) Notwithstanding the requirement described by subdivision  
22 (b)(2)(F) of this section, a processor, in the alternative, may arrange for a  
23 qualified and independent assessor to conduct an assessment of the  
24 processor's policies and technical and organizational measures in support of  
25 the requirements under this chapter using an appropriate and accepted control  
26 standard or framework and assessment procedure.

27 (2) The processor shall provide a report of the assessment to  
28 the controller on request.

29 (d) This section does not relieve a controller or a processor from the  
30 liabilities imposed on the controller or processor by virtue of its role in  
31 the processing relationship as described by this chapter.

32 (e)(1) A determination of whether a person is acting as a controller  
33 or processor with respect to a specific processing of data is a fact-based  
34 determination that depends on the context in which personal data is to be  
35 processed.

36 (2) A processor that continues to adhere to a controller's

1 instructions with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains  
2 in the role of a processor.

3  
4 Subchapter 5. [Reserved.]

5 Subchapter 6. [Reserved.]

6 Subchapter 7 – Enforcement

7  
8 4-120-701. Attorney General.

9 The Attorney General has exclusive authority to enforce this chapter.

10  
11 4-120-702. Procedures.

12 The Attorney General shall post on the Attorney General’s website:

13 (1) Information relating to:

14 (A) The responsibilities of a controller under this  
15 chapter;

16 (B) The responsibilities of a processor under this  
17 chapter; and

18 (C) A consumer’s rights under this chapter; and

19 (2) An online mechanism through which a consumer may submit a  
20 complaint under this chapter to the Attorney General.

21  
22 4-120-703. Remedies.

23 (a)(1) If the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a  
24 person has engaged in or is engaging in a violation of this chapter, the  
25 Attorney General may issue an Attorney General’s subpoena.

26 (2) The procedures established for the issuance of an Attorney  
27 General’s subpoena under § 25-16-705 apply to the same extent and manner to  
28 the issuance of an Attorney General’s subpoena under this section.

29 (b)(1) The Attorney General may request, under an Attorney General’s  
30 subpoena issued under subdivision (a)(1) of this section, that a person  
31 governed by this chapter disclose to any data protection assessment that is  
32 relevant to an investigation conducted by the Attorney General.

33 (2) The Attorney General may evaluate the data protection  
34 assessment for compliance with the requirements under § 4-120-307.

35 (c) A violation of this chapter is an unfair and deceptive act or  
36 practice, as defined by the Deceptive Trade Practices Act, § 4-88-101 et seq.

1 (d) All remedies, penalties, and authority granted to the Attorney  
2 General under the Deceptive Trade Practices Act, § 4-88-101 et seq., shall be  
3 available to the Attorney General for the enforcement of this chapter.

4  
5 4-120-704. Private right of action.

6 This chapter does not provide a basis for, or being subject to, a  
7 private right of action for a violation of this chapter or any other law.

8  
9 *SECTION 2. DO NOT CODIFY. EFFECTIVE DATE.*

10 *This chapter is effective on and after July 1, 2026.*

11  
12 */s/C. Penzo*