1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H1/16/25	
2	95th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2025		HOUSE BILL 1018
4			
5	Representatives Hudson, A. C.	'ollins, Springer	
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7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT TO CREATE THE STRONG FAMILIES ACT; TO CREATE		
10	AN INCOME	TAX CREDIT FOR EMPLOYERS THAT PROV	IDE PAID
11	FAMILY AND	MEDICAL LEAVE FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYE	MES; AND
12	FOR OTHER	PURPOSES.	
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15		Subtitle	
16	TO CE	REATE THE STRONG FAMILIES ACT; AND	
17		REATE AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR	
18		OYERS THAT PROVIDE PAID FAMILY AND	
19	MEDIO	CAL LEAVE FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.	
20			
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE G	ENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF AR	RKANSAS:
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23	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 26, Chapter 51, is amended to add an		
24	additional subchapter		
25	<u> </u>	Subchapter 29 — Strong Families Act	<u>t</u>
26	06 51 0001 71		
27	26-51-2901. Tit		.1 "G. B. 111
28	_	shall be known and may be cited as	the "Strong Families
29	Act".		
30	26-51-2902. Def	initiona	
31			
32 33	As used in this subchapter: (1)(A) "Family and medical leave" means leave from work for:		
33	(1)(A) *F	(i) A serious health condition	
35	nrevents the employee	from performing his or her essenti	
36	Prevente the embrokee	(ii) The birth or adoption of a	_
50		<u>\ inc bilen of adoption of a</u>	· CITTO OT CHE

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1	<pre>employee; or</pre>	
2	(iii) The care of a child, spouse, or parent of the	
3	employee who has a serious health condition.	
4	(B) "Family and medical leave" does not include:	
5	(i) Earned sick leave;	
6	(ii) Earned annual leave; or	
7	(iii) Earned compensatory leave;	
8	(2) "Qualified employee" means an employee who has been employee	
9	by the employer for at least twelve (12) consecutive months;	
10	(3) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury,	
11	impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves:	
12	(A) Inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential	
13	medical care facility; or	
14	(B) Continuing treatment by a healthcare provider; and	
15	(4) "Wages" means remuneration paid for personal services.	
16		
17	26-51-2903. Strong families tax credit.	
18	(a)(1)(A) An employer is allowed an income tax credit against the	
19	income tax imposed by this chapter in an amount equal to twenty-five percent	
20	(25%) of the amount of wages paid to a qualified employee during the period	
21	in which the qualified employee is on family and medical leave.	
22	(B) If a qualified employee is not paid on an hourly	
23	basis, the wages of the qualified employee shall be prorated to an hourly	
24	basis.	
25	(2) The income tax credit allowed under this section shall not	
26	exceed four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per qualified employee in a tax year.	
27	(b) An employer is eligible for the income tax credit allowed under	
28	this section if the employer:	
29	(1) Provides full-time qualified employees with at least four	
30	(4) weeks of paid family and medical leave over a twelve-month period;	
31	(2) Provides part-time qualified employees with an amount of	
32	paid family and medical leave that bears the same ratio to four (4) weeks or	
33	family and medical leave as the number of hours the part-time qualified	
34	employee is expected to work in a week bears to the number of hours an	
35	equivalent full-time qualified employee is expected to work during a week;	
36	(3) Provides family and medical leave on the smallest increment	

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1	of time permitted under the employer's payroll system; and
2	(4) Adopts a policy regarding family and medical leave that
3	states that the employer will not:
4	(A) Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of or
5	the attempt to exercise a right provided under the employer's family and
6	medical leave policy; or
7	(B) Discharge or in any other manner discriminate against
8	an employee for opposing a practice prohibited by the policy.
9	(c) The maximum amount of time for which an employer may claim an
10	income tax credit under this section for providing family and medical leave
11	for a qualified employee is twelve (12) weeks in a twelve-month period.
12	(d) Family and medical leave may run concurrently with leave that is
13	required under state or federal law, including without limitation the Family
14	and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq.
15	(e) The amount of the income tax credit allowed under this section
16	that may be claimed by the taxpayer in a tax year shall not exceed the amount
17	of income tax due by the taxpayer.
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19	SECTION 2. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE</u> . <u>Section 1 of this act is effective for tax</u>
20	years beginning on or after January 1, 2025.
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22	/s/Hudson
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