1 2	State of Arkansas 95th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2025		HOUSE BILL 1832
4			
5	By: Representative M. Shepherd		
6	By: Senator Hester		
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8	For	An Act To Be Entitled	
9	TO AMEND THE RULES	OF THE SUPREME COURT AND COUR	r of
10	APPEALS OF THE STA	TE OF ARKANSAS TO GRANT EXCLUS	IVE
11	ORIGINAL JURISDICT	ION OF FACIAL CONSTITUTIONAL	
12	CHALLENGES TO THE	COURT OF APPEALS; TO AMEND A R	ULE
13	OF THE SUPREME COU	RT UNDER THE AUTHORITY GRANTED	ВҮ
14	ARKANSAS CONSTITUT	ION, AMENDMENT 80, § 9; AND FO	R
15	OTHER PURPOSES.		
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18		Subtitle	
19	TO AMEND THE	RULES OF THE SUPREME COURT	
20	AND COURT OF	APPEALS OF THE STATE OF	
21	ARKANSAS; ANI	D TO AMEND A RULE OF THE	
22	SUPREME COURT	F AND COURT OF APPEALS UNDER	
23	THE AUTHORITY	Y GRANTED BY THE ARKANSAS	
24	CONSTITUTION		
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26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL A	SSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANS	AS:
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28	SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIF	Y. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. <u>(a)</u>	<u>The General</u>
29	Assembly finds:		
30	<u>(1) Arkansas Cons</u>	titution, Amendment 80, § 9, p	rovides that any
31	rules promulgated by the Supre	eme Court under Arkansas Consti	tution, Amendment
32	<u>80, §§ 5, 6(B), 7(B), or 8, ma</u>	y be annulled or amended, in w	hole or in part,
33	by a two-thirds vote of the me	mbership of each house of the	General Assembly;
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35	<u>(2) Arkansas Cons</u>	titution, Amendment 80, § 5, co	oncerns the Court
36	of Appeals; and		



1	(3) Rule 1-2 of the Rules of the Supreme Court and Court of
2	Appeals of the State of Arkansas addresses the jurisdiction of the Court of
3	Appeals.
4	(b) The purpose of this act is to establish the exclusive original
5	jurisdiction of the Court of Appeals under the authority of Arkansas
6	Constitution, Amendment 80, § 9, pertaining to facial constitutional
7	challenges.
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9	SECTION 2. Pursuant to the authority granted under Arkansas
10	Constitution, Amendment 80, § 9, Rule 1-2 of the Rules of the Supreme Court
11	and Court of Appeals of the State of Arkansas is amended to read as follows:
12	Rule 1-2. Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and Court of
13	Appeals.
14	(a) Original jurisdiction of Court of Appeals for facial
15	constitutional challenges. The Court of Appeals shall have exclusive
16	original jurisdiction over a facial constitutional challenge in which a party
17	seeks in the party's initial or amended pleading to have a provision of an
18	act of the General Assembly, a provision of the Arkansas Code, or a provision
19	of an administrative rule or regulation declared unconstitutional in all of
20	its applications under the United States Constitution or the Arkansas
21	Constitution. In a proceeding under this Rule 1-2(a), the procedure will
22	conform to that prevailing in bench trials in the circuit court. Upon filing
23	the original pleading and payment of a filing fee, a summons or other process
24	will issue by the Clerk. The respondent's pleading must be filed within the
25	time provided by the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure. The decision of the
26	Court of Appeals under this Rule 1-2(a) may be appealed to the Supreme Court.
27	(a)(b) Supreme Court jurisdiction. All cases appealed shall be filed
28	in the Court of Appeals except that the following cases shall be filed in the
29	Supreme Court:
30	1. All appeals involving the interpretation or construction of
31	the Constitution of Arkansas;
32	2. Criminal appeals in which the death penalty or life
33	imprisonment has been imposed;
34	3. Petitions for quo warranto, prohibition, injunction, or
35	mandamus directed to the state, county, or municipal officials or to circuit
36	courts;

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4. Appeals pertaining to elections and election procedures;

Appeals involving the discipline of attorneys-at-law and or
 arising under the power of the Supreme Court to regulate the practice of law;

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Appeals involving the discipline and disability of judges;
 Second or subsequent appeals following an appeal which has

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been decided in the Supreme Court; and

8. Appeals required by law to be heard by the Supreme Court.
(b)(c) Reassignment of cases. Any case is subject to reassignment by
the Supreme Court, and in doing so, the Supreme Court will consider but not
be limited to the following:

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(1) issues of first impression,

12 (2) issues upon which there is a perceived inconsistency in the13 decisions of the Court of Appeals or Supreme Court,

14 (3) issues involving federal constitutional interpretation,

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(4) issues of substantial public interest,

16 (5) significant issues needing clarification or development of 17 the law, or overruling of precedent, and

(6) appeals involving substantial questions of law concerning
the validity, construction, or interpretation of an act of the General
Assembly, ordinance of a municipality or county, or a rule or regulation of
any court, administrative agency, or regulatory body.

22 (c) (d) Transfer and certification. The Supreme Court may transfer to 23 the Court of Appeals any case appealed to the Supreme Court and may transfer 24 to the Supreme Court any case appealed to the Court of Appeals. If the Court 25 of Appeals seeks to transfer a case, the Court of Appeals shall find and 26 certify that the case: (1) is excepted from its jurisdiction by Rule 1-27 2(a) (b), or (2) otherwise involves an issue of significant public interest or 28 a legal principle of major importance. The Supreme Court may accept for its 29 docket cases so certified or may remand any of them to the Court of Appeals 30 for decision. The Clerk of the Court shall notify the parties or their 31 counsel of the transfer of any case.

32 (d)(e) Petition for review. No Except as provided in Rule 1-2(a), no 33 appeal as of right shall lie from the Court of Appeals to the Supreme Court. 34 The Supreme Court will exercise its discretion to review an appeal decided by 35 the Court of Appeals only on application by a party to the appeal, upon 36 certification of the Court of Appeals, or if the Supreme Court decides the

1 case is one that should have originally been assigned to the Supreme Court. 2 In determining whether to grant a petition to review, the following, while 3 neither controlling nor fully measuring the Supreme Court's discretion, 4 indicate the character of reasons that will be considered: (i) the case was 5 decided in the Court of Appeals by a tie vote, (ii) the Court of Appeals 6 rendered a decision which is arguably in conflict with a prior holding of a 7 published opinion of either the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals, or 8 (iii) the Court of Appeals arguably erred in some way related to one of the 9 grounds listed in Rule 1-2(b)(c).

10 (e)(f) Improper filing. No case filed in either the Supreme Court or 11 the Court of Appeals shall be dismissed for having been filed in the wrong 12 court but shall be transferred or certified to the proper court.

(f)(g) Allocation of workload. Notwithstanding the foregoing
provisions, cases may be assigned and transferred between the courts by
Supreme Court order to achieve a fair allocation of the appellate workload
between the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals.

17 (g) (h) In all appeals from criminal convictions or post-conviction 18 relief matters heard in the Court of Appeals, the appellant shall not be 19 required to petition for rehearing in the Court of Appeals or review in the 20 Supreme Court following an adverse decision of the Court of Appeals in order 21 to be deemed to have exhausted all available state remedies respecting a 22 claim of error. When the claim has been presented to the Court of Appeals or 23 the Supreme Court, and relief has been denied, the appellant shall be deemed 24 to have exhausted all available state remedies.

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SECTION 3. Pursuant to the authority granted under Arkansas Constitution, Amendment 80, § 9, Rule 2-4(b) of the Rules of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals of the State of Arkansas, concerning the contents of a petition, is amended to read as follows:

30 (b) Contents of petition. A petition to the Supreme Court for review 31 of a decision of the Court of Appeals shall not exceed three 8 $1/2 \times 11$ ", 32 double-spaced pages in length. The petition must briefly and distinctly 33 state the basis upon which the case should be reviewed and may include 34 citations of authority or references to statutes or constitutional 35 provisions. The petition can only be filed by a party to the appeal and is 36 otherwise subject to Rule 1-2(e)(f).

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2	SECTION 4. Pursuant to the authority granted under Arkansas	
3	Constitution, Amendment 80, § 9, Rule 2-4(d) of the Rules of the Supreme	
4	Court and Court of Appeals of the State of Arkansas, concerning grounds for	
5	review, is amended to read as follows:	
6	(d) Grounds for review. A petition for review must allege one of the	
7	following: (i) the case was decided in the Court of Appeals by a tie vote,	
8	(ii) the Court of Appeals rendered a decision which is in conflict with a	
9	prior holding of a published opinion of either the Supreme Court or the Court	
10	of Appeals, or (iii) the Court of Appeals otherwise erred with respect to one	
11	of the grounds listed in Rules 1-2 (b) (c).	
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13	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 16-13-201(a), concerning the jurisdiction	
14	of circuit courts, is amended to read as follows:	
15	(a) Circuit courts shall have original jurisdiction of all justiciable	
16	matters not otherwise assigned pursuant to the Arkansas Constitution <u>or the</u>	
17	Rules of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals of the State of Arkansas.	
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19	SECTION 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the	
20	General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that facial constitutional	
21	challenges to acts of the General Assembly, provisions of the Arkansas Code,	
22	and administrative rules and regulations impact the public peace, health and	
23	safety as they directly affect the rights and privileges of all citizens of	
24	the state; to protect those rights and privileges, it is critical to provide	
25	for the consistent legal interpretation of facial constitutional challenges	
26	to acts of the General Assembly, provisions of the Arkansas Code, and	
27	administrative rules and regulations; and the provisions of this act should	
28	take effect at the earliest opportunity to preserve the public peace, health,	
29	and safety by providing for the consistent interpretation of such facial	
30	constitutional challenges and providing representation from across the state	
31	on these matters that impacts the rights of all citizens. Therefore, an	
32	emergency is declared to exist, and this act being immediately necessary for	
33	the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety shall become	
34	effective on:	
35	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;	
36	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,	

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1	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the
2	bill; or
3	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
4	overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto.
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