1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: H2/26/25 95th General Assembly As Engrossed: H2/26/25 A Bill			
2	·	1554		
3	Regular Session, 2025 HOUSE BILL	1554		
4	Dru Dannacantetina A. Duarna			
5	By: Representative A. Brown			
6	By: Senator J. Dotson			
7 8	For An Act To Be Entitled			
9	AN ACT TO CREATE THE ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY			
10	REPORTING ACT; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.			
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12				
13	Subtitle			
14	TO CREATE THE ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE			
15	TECHNOLOGY REPORTING ACT.			
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:			
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19	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 20, Chapter 9, is amended to add an			
20	additional subchapter to read as follows:			
21	Subchapter 16 - Assisted Reproductive Technology Reporting Act			
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23	20-9-1601. Title.			
24	This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Assisted			
25	Reproductive Technology Reporting Act".			
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27	20-9-1602. Legislative findings.			
28	The General Assembly finds that:			
29	(1) The federal Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification			
30	Act of 1992 requires the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to tra	<u>ack</u>		
31	certain health outcomes and success rates of assisted reproductive			
32	technology:			
33	(2) However, this law lacks a strong enforcement mechanism and	<u>ad</u>		
34 25	is too limited in scope;			
35	(3) Additionally, the law governing assisted reproductive	- 1		
36	technology in Arkansas does not require fertility clinics to report key de	ala		

1	points related to assisted reproductive technology, maternal and neonatal
2	health, and the total number of embryos created through this procedure; and
3	(4) Therefore, many prospective parents, lawmakers, researchers,
4	and fertility clinics lack an adequate understanding of how assisted
5	reproductive technology functions in the State of Arkansas and information
6	that is essential for prospective parents as they make important decisions
7	about their childbearing options.
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9	20-9-1603. Definitions.
10	As used in this subchapter:
11	(1) "Assisted reproductive technology" means a treatment or
12	procedure involving the handling of a human egg, sperm, and embryo outside of
13	the body with the intent of facilitating a pregnancy, including:
14	(A) Artificial insemination;
15	(B) Intrauterine insemination;
16	(C) In vitro fertilization;
17	(D) Gamete intrafallopian fertilization;
18	(E) Zygote intrafallopian fertilization;
19	(F) Egg, embryo, and sperm cryopreservation; and
20	(G) Egg, sperm, or embryo donation;
21	(2)(A) "Cycle" means a single procedure of in vitro
22	fertilization, zygote intrafallopian transfer, gamete intrafallopian
23	transfer, or egg retrieval.
24	(B) A "cycle" that is completed may only refer to egg
25	retrieval if no eggs are fertilized and implanted into the patient or may
26	mean the complete process from egg retrieval to the transfer of human
27	reproductive material;
28	(3) "Egg donor" means a person unrelated by marriage to the
29	recipient who provides or agrees to provide ovum for the purpose of human
30	reproduction, regardless of if the recipient has a diagnosis of infertility;
31	(4) "Embryo cryopreservation" means the process when human
32	embryos are frozen in an undisturbed environment for the purpose of saving
33	these embryos for future procreative use;
34	(5) "Fertility clinic" means a medical facility that is
35	licensed, registered, or certified under federal laws or regulations or state
36	laws and rules and that is responsible for the collection and preservation of

1 human reproductive material responsible for the creation of human embryos or 2 the placement of human reproductive material into a prospective patient; 3 (6) "Healthcare professional" means an individual licensed, 4 registered, or certified under federal laws or regulations or state laws and 5 rules to provide healthcare services; 6 (7) "Human embryo" means a distinct and living organism of the 7 species Homo sapiens conceived either in the human body or produced in an 8 artificial environment other than the human body, from the moment of 9 fertilization, including the single-celled stage, until natural death, 10 including such embryos that are in a state of cryopreservation or are 11 otherwise unused; 12 (8) "Human embryo implantation" means a human embryo has 13 successfully attached to a patient's uterine wall lining which marks the 14 beginning of pregnancy; 15 (9) "Human reproductive material" means all or any part of a 16 sperm, ovum, or embryo at any stage of development; 17 (10) "Infertility" means a symptom of an underlying disease or condition within a person's body that makes successfully conceiving and 18 19 carrying a child to term difficult or impossible, which is diagnosed after: 20 (A) Twelve (12) months of intercourse without the use of a 21 chemical, barrier, or other contraceptive method for women under thirty-five 22 (35) years of age; or 23 (B) Six (6) months of targeted intercourse without the use 24 of a chemical, barrier, or other contraceptive method for women who are 25 thirty-five (35) years of age and older, where conception should otherwise be 26 possible; 27 (11) "Prospective patient" means the patient who may undergo assisted reproductive technology treatments, including the transfer of human 28 29 embryos for the purpose of initiating pregnancy; 30 (12) "Transfer" means the process by which a healthcare 31 professional places a fresh or frozen embryo within the uterus, fallopian 32 tubes, or other part of a patient's body for the purpose of initiating a 33 pregnancy; and (13) "Sperm donor" means a person unrelated by marriage to a 34 35 prospective patient who provides or agrees to provide sperm for the purpose 36 of human reproduction, regardless of whether the prospective patient has a

1	diagnosis of infertility.
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3	20-9-1604. Reporting requirements.
4	(a) The Department of Health shall require fertility clinics to track
5	and report key data points, including without limitation:
6	(1) How many embryos each fertility clinic creates in total
7	through assisted reproductive technology cycles;
8	(2) What happens to each of the embryos created and the number
9	of embryos that:
10	(A) Are negligently destroyed each year due to the failure
11	of a cryopreservation tank or technical or human error;
12	(B) Perish due to natural causes during fertilization,
13	development, or implantation in assisted reproductive technology;
14	(C) Perish due to preimplantation genetic testing in
15	assisted reproductive technology;
16	(D)(i) Are intentionally destroyed at the discretion of
17	the fertility clinic or the prospective patient.
18	(ii) The fertility clinic shall specify why the
19	fertility clinic or prospective patient chose to discard or destroy the
20	embryo;
21	(E) Are relinquished by prospective patients to a clinic;
22	(F) Are donated by prospective patients for research
23	purposes; and
24	(G) Are created in each cycle of assisted reproductive
25	technology;
26	(3) If, and how often, the fertility clinic loses the human
27	reproductive material of prospective patients due to unknown or undisclosed
28	reasons;
29	(4) Any instances of a healthcare professional knowingly
30	transferring non-viable human reproductive material into a patient, with or
31	without the patient's knowledge;
32	(5) The total number of embryos that are frozen in
33	cryopreservation storage units and the number of embryos frozen prior to
34	submitting the report each year, whenever that occurs, under the supervision
35	of the reporting fertility clinic;
36	(6) How many embryos are transferred fresh versus frozen;

1	(7) How many embryos are transferred in a single transfer cycle;
2	(8) How many embryos successfully implant when conceived with
3	assisted reproductive technology but are miscarried, perish naturally in the
4	womb, or are stillborn;
5	(9) How many pregnancies result from assisted reproductive
6	technology procedures;
7	(10) How many live births result from assisted reproductive
8	technology procedures; and
9	(11) How many cases of multiple gestation occur from assisted
10	reproductive technology procedures.
11	(b) The information reported under this section shall not include any
12	personally identifiable information and shall only include statistical
13	aggregate information.
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15	20-9-1605. Annual public report.
16	(a) Within twelve (12) months of receiving the annual assisted
17	$\underline{\text{reproductive technology data from fertility clinics, the } \underline{\text{Department of Health}}$
18	shall compile and publish a comprehensive report, available for public use,
19	cataloging key data points for research, accountability, and prospective
20	patient use, including without limitation:
21	(1) How many fertility clinics are registered to practice
22	assisted reproductive technology;
23	(2) How many assisted reproductive technology and egg retrieval
24	cycles each fertility clinic performs;
25	(3) A percentage breakdown of the types of assisted reproductive
26	technology procedures each fertility clinic performs;
27	(4) The success rate of each form of assisted reproductive
28	technology, broken down by age of the patient, whether donor ovum or sperm
29	was used, and the total number of cycles required for the successful live
30	birth of a child per patient; and
31	(5) Compile and report the outcomes of each of the individual
32	fertility clinic data collection points described under § 20-9-1604.
33	(b) The comprehensive report described under subsection (a) of this
34	section shall not include any personally identifiable information and shall
35	only include statistical aggregate information.

1	/s/A.	Brown
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